## Surrey County Council SECONDARY Fair Access Protocol 2017/18

1.	Intro	Introduction				
	1.1	This document sets out the Fair Access Protocol which will be operated by Surrey in partnership with schools during the academic year 2017/18.				
	1.2	This Protocol should be read alongside the Framework for Surrey's Fair Access Protocol and the Common Principles of Surrey Fair Access Panels, which set the context for Surrey's Fair Access Protocol.				
2.	Cate	gories of children				
	2.1	This Protocol includes all the categories that are mandatory under the School Admissions Code (denoted by *).				
	2.2	<ul> <li>Children to be placed under this Protocol will be those:</li> <li>who live in Surrey; and</li> <li>who have a legal right to access state funded education; and</li> <li>who are not already on the roll of a school (although see exception in category a); and</li> <li>who are seeking a place in Year 7 to Year 11 outside the normal admissions round; and</li> <li>who fall under one of the categories a) to q) below.</li> </ul>				
	a)*	Children who were permanently excluded from their last state funded school placement, and those attending Pupil Referral Units (PRUs) or Alternative Provision, who are ready to be reintegrated back into mainstream education but into a different school from the one originally attended; or where a child is still on roll at a school but is attending a PRU or Alternative Provision as an alternative to permanent exclusion;				
	b)*	Children returning from the criminal justice system who are registered with the Youth Offending Team;				
	c)	Children known to the police or other similar agencies, where there has been active involvement or support received from Surrey's Community Incident Action Group (CIAG) within the past six months;				
	d)	Children with a history of serious unauthorised attendance problems (below 85%) within the past academic year, as assessed by the attached Education Welfare Officer;				
	e)	Children withdrawn from school by their parent following fixed term exclusion for persistent breaching of internal behaviour policies in school;				
	f)	Children who have applied to return to mainstream schooling after a period of elective home education and whose application for a school place through the normal in year admission process is refused;				

g)*	Children who have been out of education, including elective home
9/	education, for longer than two months where throughout that period:
	they have been living within the UK; and
	<ul> <li>they have had a right to access state funded education.</li> </ul>
	This two month period will be counted as continuous from the date the child came off roll but will exclude the summer break. Where a child is removed from roll on the last day of a term or half-term, the first day of absence will be deemed to be the first day of the next term or half-term.
h)	Children applying to enter Year 11 whose application for a school place through the normal in year admission process is refused;
i)*	Children of Gypsies, Roma and Travellers;
j)*	Children of asylum seekers and refugees who have been in the UK for less than two years and need a supported entry to school. The need for a supported entry does not include language support where this is the only support required and must be substantiated by professional evidence. Examples of the type of circumstances that might demonstrate a need for a supported entry are where such a child requires specific emotional or behavioural support by the school as a result of their experiences;
k)*	Children who are homeless including those who have been placed in temporary housing by Surrey County Council;
l)*	Children with unsupportive family backgrounds where a place has not been sought and where a referral is made through an outside agency or service who is seeking to support the child;
m)*	Children who are carers;
n)*	Children with special educational needs, disabilities or medical conditions (but without an Education, Health & Care Plan), where the need, disability or medical condition has already impacted on the child's attendance or participation at school;
o)	Children subject to a child protection plan;
p)	Children of UK service personnel and other Crown Servants, where a change of location ordered by the service leads to a need for a change of school;
(q)	Children who are accommodated in an emergency refuge for victims of domestic violence.
2.3	Within the definition of this Protocol, categories deemed to be 'challenging' are categories a) to h), and these may attract funding to the school depending on the date of admission. The process for the admission of children within these categories may be different from the remaining categories. The processes for the admission of children are set out in Sections 4 and 5.

3.	B. Identification of children who meet the criteria for the Protocol				
	3.1	Most children will come to the attention of the Admissions team or the school as part of the in year admission application process.			
	3.2	Where an application form is received directly by the Admissions team, they will assess the information on the in year application form and will categorise children as meeting the Protocol if from that information they appear to meet the criteria.			
	3.3 Where an application form is received directly by an own admission school, they will assess the information on the in year form. If they that the child meets the criteria of the Protocol, they will consider withey are still able to admit the child:				
		<ul> <li>If they are able to admit the child, the school will notify the Admissions team of the application and the offer and the reasons why they believe the child meets the Protocol on the Fair Access referral form for schools. The Admissions team will then consider whether the admission should be logged as a Fair Access placement.</li> <li>If the school is unable to offer a place, the school will refer it to the Admissions team to be considered under the Protocol.</li> </ul>			
		All such referrals will be made within 5 school days of the application being received.			
	3.4	Most children who are permanently excluded from a Surrey school and those who are ready for reintegration to a mainstream school from a Surrey Pupil Referral Unit (PRU) or other Alternative Provision will be identified by the Area Lead for Pupil Support/Head of PRU. The Area Lead for Pupil Support/Head of PRU will consider whether a managed placement might be arranged directly with a school or whether the processes set out in sections 5 and 6 should be followed.			
	3.5	However, it is inevitable that some cases will be unidentifiable from the in year application form. There may also be some cases of recently excluded children who have moved from another local authority, where the child's previous school history is not known to Surrey. If at any time a school identifies that a child should be categorised as meeting the criteria for the Protocol after admission, they will notify the Admissions team so that the placement might be recorded.			
	3.6	Some cases may also come to light where there is evidence that might suggest that, although not subject to an EHCP, the child is not suitable for mainstream schooling. It is anticipated that these cases will be few, but any such cases will be referred to the Area Education Psychology team by the Area Lead for Pupil Support for review before determining the most appropriate placement for the child.			
4.	Proc	ess for admission - categories a) to h)			
	4.1	<ul> <li>Children who fall within categories a) to h) in paragraph 2.2 are considered to be the most challenging with regard to admissions. Section 9 of this Protocol sets out the funding available for categories a) to h).</li> </ul>			

4.2	<ul> <li>The process to place children who fall within categories a) to h) is as follows:</li> <li>Children already in a Surrey PRU or alternative provision will be referred directly to the area panel by the Area Lead for Pupil Support/Head of PRU once the child is ready for reintegration to another mainstream school</li> <li>Children who are already known to Surrey and who are recently excluded will be referred to a PRU by the Area Lead for Pupil Support</li> <li>All other children will be referred to the A2E team through the Area Lead for Pupil Support, by the Admissions team.</li> </ul>
4.3	<ul> <li>On receipt of referrals in A2E, the Area Lead for Pupil Support will arrange for:</li> <li>the child's assessment to be completed</li> <li>a risk assessment to be carried out on the suitability of the home or alternative venues for home tuition</li> <li>short term interim teaching/mentoring to be set up in the light of assessment/other available information.</li> </ul>
4.4	In the event that the A2E team cannot immediately accommodate a child, the Admissions team will follow the process in Section 5 in allocating a school.
4.5	After a maximum target time of 6 weeks with the A2E team, the Area Lead for Pupil Support will collate reports from tutors/mentors which will be submitted to the next area panel. The Area Lead for Pupil Support will also send copies of the referral paperwork to the Admissions team.
4.6	Where appropriate, the Area Lead for Pupil Support will try to mediate a school placement ahead of the panel meeting, based on the circumstances of the case and the conditions set out in this Protocol.
4.7	The Area Lead for Pupil Support and/or a representative from the Admissions team and/or a representative from A2E, as appropriate, will attend the panel at which placement decisions are to be taken.
4.8	Panels are expected to consider the case of each child and to agree a placement at the most suitable school within the area of the panel.
4.9	For own admission authority schools, the delegated representative at the panel should not need to seek prior or subsequent authorisation from their governing body to admit a fair access child. This is because when a child is placed in accordance with the Fair Access Protocol, the admission authority for that school should admit the child.
4.10	<ul> <li>In considering cases, panels will have regard to:</li> <li>parental preference (the parent/carer can still submit an appeal and so it is helpful to demonstrate that this has been considered)</li> <li>the schools in the area that they might wish to protect from admitting a challenging child (such as a school which has a particularly high proportion of children with challenging behaviour or previously excluded children; a school in special measures or recently come out of them; or a school which is otherwise in need of support)</li> </ul>

		<ul> <li>any genuine concerns about the admission by either the parent/carer or the school</li> <li>a view of the parent/carer about the religious ethos of a school</li> <li>distance, availability of transport and travelling times</li> </ul>
	4.11	Where a child has been removed from school for elective home education and then wants to return to school to the same phase of education, that child will normally be expected to be admitted to their original school unless there are compelling reasons why that would not be possible or appropriate.
	4.12	In considering cases, panels may also wish to have regard to the number of Looked After Children (LAC) and EHCP children within each school; and the number and frequency of previous Fair Access placements within the academic year and within each year group.
	4.13	Decisions on placement will be notified to the Admissions team for formal notification to the parent/carer, with a copy also being sent to the school and Area Lead for Education Welfare, who will in turn share it with the attached Education Welfare Officer.
	4.14	Immediately after the panel has made its placement decision, the receiving school will contact the parent/carer and make arrangements for the child to go on roll within 5 school days of the placement being agreed and for a start date within 5 school days of going on roll. Support for the admission process may be available from the Education Welfare Officer. If required, reintegration support may also be available from the A2E team for the child's first 2 weeks in school.
	4.15	The Admissions team will continue to monitor the placement to ensure that the child is placed on roll and the satisfactory completion of 12 weeks. The reintegration of children returning to mainstream school from a PRU may be managed over a period longer than 12 weeks, at the decision of the Area Lead for Pupil Support.
	4.16	A placement will be considered to have broken down within 12 weeks if the child's behaviour would ordinarily warrant permanent exclusion. In such cases the Area Lead for Pupil Support will determine whether or not the placement should be considered to have broken down. Where a placement is considered to have broken down, the Area Lead for Pupil Support will work with the school to identify a solution which might include the school referring the child for alternative provision or placement at an alternative school.
	4.17	Subsequent panel meetings will review any placements made to ensure that the children in the panel area are in receipt of full time education.
	4.18	If for any reason a panel is unable to resolve a placement, a placement will then be allocated to the child by the Admissions team.
5.	Proce	ess for admission – categories i) to q)
	5.1	Children who fall within categories i) to q) in paragraph 2.2 will be placed
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directly by the Admissions team without being referred to a panel. These are children who are not challenging by definition but who might find the admission process difficult and who might be more vulnerable if unable to
find a school place quickly.
5.2 Where the Admissions team identify that a child meets the criteria for the Fair Access Protocol, the application will be referred to the parent/carer's preferred school for placement unless there are reasons why that school would not be an appropriate placement for the child.
5.3 If it is not possible to place the child within one of the parent/carer's preferre schools, the Admissions team will seek to place the child in the nearest and most suitable school, taking into account:
<ul> <li>schools with vacancies</li> <li>whether a school is in special measures, has recently come out of them or is otherwise assessed by the local authority as needing support (such an assessment will be carried out by the Admissions team in liaison with the local authority)</li> <li>any genuine concerns about the admission by either the parent/carer or the school</li> <li>a strong view of the parent/carer about the religious ethos of a school</li> <li>the number and percentage of Looked After Children (LAC) and EHCP children within each school and the number and frequency of previous Fair Access placements within the academic year and within each school</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>each year group</li> <li>distance and travelling times</li> <li>5.4 The Admissions team will liaise with the school before notifying a</li> </ul>
5.4 The Admissions team will liaise with the school before notifying a parent/carer of the placement.
5.5 Once agreement has been reached the Admissions team will send notification to the parent/carer, with a copy also being sent to the school and the Area Lead for Pupil Support, who will in turn share it with the attached Education Welfare Officer.
5.6 The receiving school will contact the parent/carer and make arrangements for the child to go on roll within 5 school days of the placement being agreed and for a start date within 5 school days of going on roll.
5.7 The Admissions team will continue to monitor the placement to ensure that the child is placed on roll and the satisfactory completion of 12 weeks.
5.8 A placement will be considered to have broken down within 12 weeks if the child's behaviour would ordinarily warrant permanent exclusion. In such cases the Area Lead for Pupil Support will determine whether or not the placement should be considered to have broken down. Where a placement is considered to have broken down, the Area Lead for Pupil Support will work with the school to identify a solution which might include the school referring the child for alternative provision or placement at an alternative school.

		Admissions team either within or outside Surrey within 3 weeks of the application and who meets the criteria to be placed under the Fair Access Protocol will subsequently be referred directly to the local panel for placement without the need to be assessed by the A2E team. The process set out in paragraphs 4.6 to 4.18 will then be followed.			
6.	Cons	sideration of why a school may not admit a fair access child			
	6.1	<ul> <li>If a school does not wish to admit a child who falls within one of the Fair Access categories outside the normal admission round, it will refer the case to the Admissions team setting out the reasons why they do not feel they can place the child within 5 school days. However an exception is only likely to be made if:</li> <li>the school is in special measures, has recently come out of them or is otherwise assessed by the local authority as needing support (such an assessment will be carried out by the Admissions team in liaison with the local authority); or</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>the school has no vacancies; or</li> <li>there are compelling reasons why a school would not be an appropriate placement for the child.</li> </ul>			
		While community and voluntary controlled schools may refer cases back to the local authority for consideration under the Protocol, it will be the local authority as admission authority for the school which will decide whether a place should be offered at that school.			
7.	<ul> <li>7. Establishing which Panel is responsible for considering placements unde categories a) to h)</li> </ul>				
	7.1	The purpose of the Protocol is to ensure that unplaced children, especially the most vulnerable, are offered a place at a suitable school as quickly as possible.			
	7.2	The most suitable school for some children could be a school that is close to the child's home. Advantages of a placement close to the child's home address are as follows:			
		<ul> <li>There are likely to be less transport issues or costs</li> <li>If the school is nearer there are likely to be fewer barriers which prevent the child from attending</li> <li>There may be better parental support and participation</li> <li>The child will be better placed to participate in extra curricular activities</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>The child is more likely to develop friendship groups from his/her local community</li> <li>It is less likely that appeals for other schools will be upheld</li> <li>Establishes a clear and transparent way for referrals to be made.</li> </ul>			
	7.3	However there are also advantages of placing a child within the area where they were previously at school, and such placements can lead to a more informed and considered process which in turn can lead to a successful and supported placement:			

		<ul> <li>Up to £1,500 in the Autumn Term for placements made in the Autumn term (which represents £500 for each of the autumn, spring and</li> </ul>
	9.1	Other than for excluded children (see paragraph 8.3), in year applicants living in Surrey at the time of placement and admitted to state funded mainstream schools under categories a) to h) of paragraph 2.2 of this Protocol may receive financial support as follows:
9.	Fund	-
	8.3	However, if the child falls within categories a) to g) of paragraph 2.2 of this Protocol and the preferred school is unable to offer a place - either because it has no vacancies or because it is in special measures, has recently come out of them or has been otherwise assessed by the local authority as needing support - the application will be referred back to the child's home local authority to effect an alternative placement.
	8.2	As these children do not meet Surrey's Fair Access Protocol, schools should consider these applications in accordance with normal in-year processes.
	8.1	Occasionally applications will be received from children who live outside Surrey but who otherwise meet the criteria for placement under this Protocol.
8. Out of area applications		of area applications
	7.6	Where a panel is satisfied that a placement in a neighbouring area would be in the best interests of the child or other children, then in those cases the panel Chair will liaise with the neighbouring panel Chair to negotiate a placement in the neighbouring area.
	7.5	However, any child who has not previously attended a school within Surrey will be referred to the panel for the geographical area in which the child lives.
	7.4	For the purpose of this Protocol, children who have previously attended a school within Surrey will be referred to the panel in which the child was previously at school. This will encourage collaborative working between schools.
		<ul> <li>The previous school can comment on the child's behavioural and educational history at the panel</li> <li>Support services may already be familiar and be supporting the child</li> <li>Ensures collegiate working between schools in the same area which in turn improves shared approaches to managing behaviour and attendance</li> <li>Establishes a culture of shared problem solving of individual cases within the same area</li> <li>Schools can challenge the poor practice of other schools within the same area and this may in turn reduce the number of hard to place cases.</li> </ul>
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<ul> <li>Up to £500 in the Summer Term for placements made in the Summer Term</li> </ul>
Funding will be approved by each Panel according to need. Funding for a specific term will be forfeited if a child withdraws prior to the start of a term; or if a child withdraws within a term, if the withdrawal is within 12 school weeks of the placement being made. Where funding has already been paid, the local authority will seek to recover monies from future payments.
Additionally Surrey fair access children admitted into year 11 at a state funded mainstream school under categories a) to h) of the Protocol (but not previously permanently excluded) after 5 October 2017 but before the end of the spring term 2018, and who do not already qualify for part year AWPU funding, will receive pro rata AWPU funding from the date of their admission to the end of August 2018, provided that the placement has lasted for four weeks or more.
Payment will only be made once the placement has lasted four weeks or more, in line with the following timescales: placements made in the autumn term which have lasted four weeks or more by the end of that term - payment will be issued in January 2018; placements made up to the end of March 2018 which have lasted four weeks or more by that date - payment will be issued at the end of March 2018; remaining payments will be made in the summer term.
In all cases a proportion of the funding will be reclaimed if the child subsequently leaves the school.
Excluded children admitted to mainstream schools under the Protocol will be funded as follows:
When a child is on a school's roll in October that child generates a year's funding for the school. When a child is permanently excluded from a school at any time in the local authority's financial year, the school's budget is reduced by the annual value of age weighted funding multiplied by 1/52 x the number of weeks from the date of permanent exclusion to the end of the local authority's financial year (except for Year 11s excluded during the summer term for which a separate calculation applies).
Where a previously permanently excluded child is admitted to another school, the receiving school's budget is increased by the annual value of age weighted funding multiplied by 1/52 x the number of weeks from the date of re-admission to the end of the local authority's financial year.
In each case, adjustments will also take account of free school meals deprivation funding and the pupil premium if the pupil generated them.
Panels are expected to take into account the distance and journey times when considering the most suitable placement. Subject to the maximum walking distance appropriate to the child's age being breached, transport will normally be arranged for the most appropriate public transport route. Where there are other suitable modes of transport but a taxi is deemed appropriate

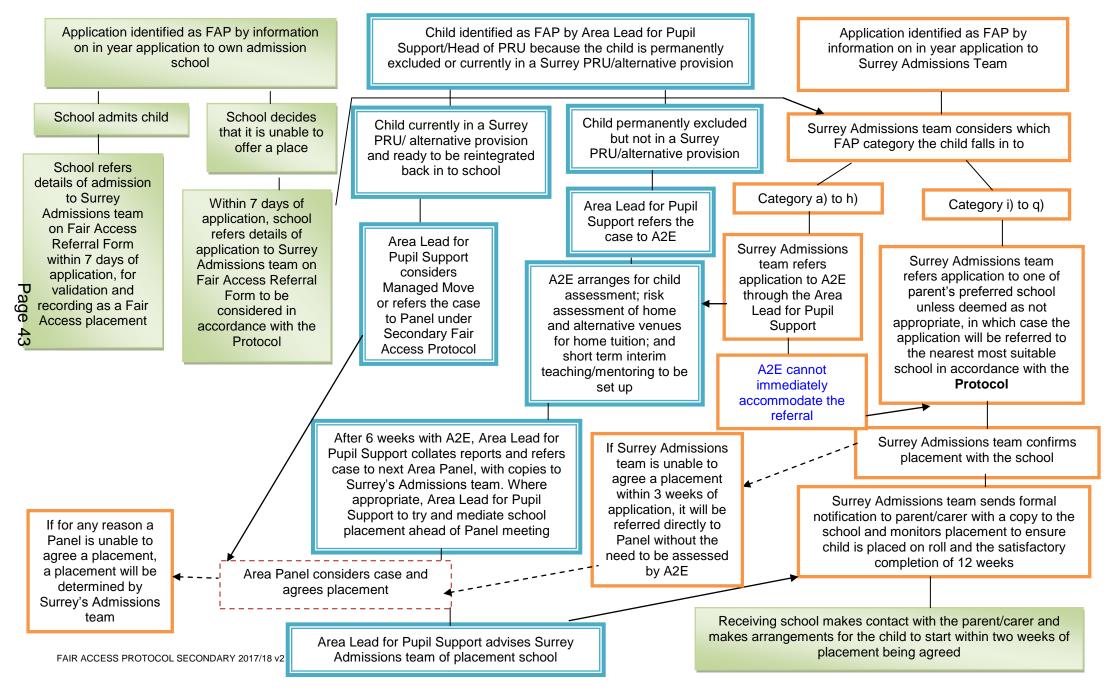
to support integration, this will only be funded for one term, and beyo the child would be expected to travel on an alternative mode of trans school. Where there are exceptional circumstances the parent/carer request that the taxi provision is extended, and this would be conside a transport case review by senior officers in the Admissions team.					ode of transport to arent/carer could I be considered as
	9.5	outcomes of any chang	within this Protocol will be les to the funding of schoom m to vary funding to schoom	ols by the	
10.	Data				
	10.1	maintained by the Adm	made through the Fair Ad issions team and this data by school and category.		
11.	Proce	ess for secondary child	Iren		
Cate	gory of	Child	Support team	Panel	Additional arrangements
a) Permanently excluded children or children attending a PRU/Alternative Provision who are ready for re-integration to another mainstream school or where a child is still on roll at a school but is attending a PRU or Alternative Provision as an alternative to permanent exclusion		attending a ative Provision who are -integration to another school or where a on roll at a school but a PRU or Alternative s an alternative to	<ul> <li>Area Lead for Pupil Support</li> <li>Alternative Provision provider</li> </ul>	Yes	Points Weighting if applicable Dual Registration
b) Children returning from the criminal justice system who are registered with the Youth Offending Team		ice system who are vith the Youth	<ul> <li>Admissions</li> <li>Surrey Family Services</li> </ul>	Yes	Fair Access funding
c) Children known to the police or other similar agencies, where there has been active involvement or support received from Surrey's Community Incident Action Group (CIAG) within the past six months		r agencies, where een active involvement eceived from Surrey's Incident Action Group	<ul> <li>Admissions</li> <li>Surrey Family Services</li> </ul>	Yes	Fair Access funding
d) Children with a history of serious unauthorised attendance problems (below 85%) within the past academic year, as assessed by the attached Education Welfare Officer		uthorised attendance elow 85%) within the nic year, as assessed	<ul> <li>Admissions</li> <li>Education Welfare Officer</li> </ul>	Yes	Fair Access funding
by th	eir pare	withdrawn from school ent following fixed term r persistent breaching	<ul><li>Admissions</li><li>Behaviour Support</li><li>Area Lead for Pupil</li></ul>	Yes	Fair Access funding

of internal behaviour policies in school	Support		
f) Children who have applied to return to mainstream schooling after a period of elective home education and whose application for a school place through the normal in year admission process is refused	<ul> <li>Admissions</li> <li>Education Welfare Officer</li> <li>Elective Home Education team Manager</li> </ul>	Yes	Fair Access funding
<ul> <li>g) Children who have been out of education, including elective home education, for longer than two months excluding the summer break (see para. 2.2g for further definition of this) where throughout that period:</li> <li>they have been living within the UK; and</li> <li>they have had a right to access state funded education.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Admissions</li> <li>Elective Home Education team Manager</li> </ul>	Yes	Fair Access funding
h) Children applying to enter Year 11 whose application for a school place through the normal in year admission process is refused	Admissions	Yes	Fair Access funding
i) Children of Gypsies, Roma and Travellers	<ul> <li>Admissions</li> <li>Race, Equality &amp; Minority Achievement team</li> </ul>	No	
j) Children of asylum seekers and refugees who have been in the UK less than two years and need a supported entry to school.	<ul><li>Admissions</li><li>Children's Services</li></ul>	No	
k) Children who are homeless including those who have been placed in temporary housing by SCC	<ul><li>Admissions</li><li>Children's Services</li></ul>	No	
I) Children with unsupportive family backgrounds where a place has not been sought and where a referral is made through an outside agency or service who is seeking to support the child	<ul> <li>Admissions</li> <li>Education Welfare Officer</li> </ul>	No	
m) Children who are carers	<ul><li>Admissions</li><li>Young Carers</li><li>Children's Services</li></ul>	No	

n) Children with special educational needs, disabilities or medical conditions (but without an Education, Health & Care Plan), where the need, disability or medical condition has already impacted on the child's attendance or participation at school	<ul> <li>Admissions</li> <li>Area Lead for Pupil Support</li> </ul>	No	
o) Children subject to a child protection plan	<ul><li>Admissions</li><li>Children's Services</li></ul>	No	
p) Children of UK service personnel and Crown servants where a change of location ordered by the service leads to a need for a change of school	Admissions	No	
q) Children who are accommodated in an emergency refuge for victims of domestic violence	<ul><li>Admissions</li><li>Children's Services</li></ul>	No	

**APPENDIX 1** 

## Flow chart for processing cases under Secondary Fair Access Protocol – 2017/18



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